95,000 CHILDEN CARRY HOME THE FLORISTS' SHOW.

Fally 80,000 Potted Plants and 50,000 Cat Flowers Given Away at the News-boys' Home-Scenes at the Exhibition -A Children's Flower Show Coming. There was great fun down at the Newsboys' Home, 9 Duane street, yesterday. At about noon children of all ages, sizes, and nationalities began to fill the streets around the building. They pushed, crowded, and squeezed one another in such a lively way that the people who could see them from a distance decided that the little folks must have another devil in sight, such as has been raising stampedes in some of one east side schools. But those who ventured sees amongh to study the faces of the youngsters saw eagerness and happiness deploted there. All had come to attend the first annual exhibition of roses and garden flowers which was given under the auspices of the Children's

Aid Society of New York by the New York Florists' Club and the New York Gardeners'

The objects of the exhibition were to encourage horticulture and to provide a day's recreation for poor children. It remains to be seen whether the first was accomplished, but nobody who was present could have any doubts about the success of object number two. The Children's Aid Society notified the florists and gardeners that fully 25,000 children from charitable schools would be on hand, and the number that turned out did not fall far short of that. They poured into Duane street from the east side and west side and from the north and south, and it was just as much as several policemen could do to keep them from failing all over one another. At last the big doors swung open and the youngsters marched to the third floor. The Foom was festooned with smilax, and the many long counters were filled with vases and stands of cut flowers. The children burst into enthusiastic cheers, although they had been told to keep quiet until the speaking should be over.

thusiastic cheers, although they had been told to keep quiet until the speaking should be over. Ex-Alderman John Morris of Jefferson Market. In behalf of the Florists' Club, introduced Mr. Jeroloman, President of the Board of Aldermen, who, in the absence of Mayor Strong, formally opened the exhibition. Mr. Jeroloman gave only a brief talk, pointing out to the little ones, in language that they could understand, the pleasures that they could understand, the pleasures that they could get out of cultivating and caring for plants in their own homes. After his speech they sent up a ringing cheer for him, another for the Florists' Club, and still another for the Gardeners' Society; then the fun began in earnest. The children were marched down to a big room on the second floor, where 30,000 poited plants were ready to be given out to them. Each child received one and hugged the jar tightly, as if fearing somebody might snatch the plant away. Later the children were marched up to the exhibitors' room where the 50,000 cut flowers, 5,000 packages of flower seed, and several cases of gladiolus and lily bulbs were distributed, every boy and girl receiving one bulb. As one company got its share it was turned into the street and another was allowed to come in. It was noticed that some of the same boys and girls appeared no fewer than five times during the afternoon. There were flowers and plants apienty, though, everybody was happy, and so nobody objected. Regarding the exhibition, one of its chief promoters said:

"The idea originated with the Gardeners' Society, which is a new organization, having been formed last January. In their anxiety to hold an exhibition the members solicited the assistance of the older society, the Florists' Club, The question of when and where to hold the first exhibition came up, and it was decided to give it in a densely populated district. J. I. Donlan, manager or the exhibition and Secretary of the Gardeners' Society, and Mr. O'Mara asked the assistance of the Children's Ald Society and Graco

is the result of the cooperation of the two organizations.

"The Florists' Club at its last meeting decided to give an exhibition next fall. The exhibitors will be these children who receive plants, seed, and bulbs here to-day, and premiums will be given to those showing the best cultivated plants. The florists and gardeners in New York, New Jersey, and Long Island have been generous with cut flowers, potted plants, seeds, and bulbs, and certainly have contributed a great deal of brightness and happiness to the homes into which sunshine seldom penetrates. It is gratifying to see that the boys were just as eager to secure seeds and plants as the girls. Doubless they will derive a great deal of pleasure from cultivating them during the summer, and will be able to make creditable exhibits in the autumn."

In the competition open only to nurserymen Class?, display of fearoses; First prize, silver medal; Ferdinand Boulon, Sea Cliff, N. J. Class 5, vase of roses arranged for effect. Second prize, certificate of merit, Pitcher & Mander, Short Hits. Class 8, display of herbaceous perennial flowers: First prize, Pitcher & Mander. Section B was open to amateurs and private gardeners only. The awards were:

class 18, vase of roses, arranged for effect. First prize, J. S. Constable, Mamaroneck; William Anderson, gardener.
Class 21, display of herbaceous personnal flowers.
First prize, G. B. Winstade, Mamaroneck.
Class 28, display of sweetpeas. First prize, J. M.
Constable, Mamaroneck; William Anderson, gardener,
becond prize, L. T. Howes, Summit; Samuel Lenba, Glass 25, display of peonles. First prize, Samuel Thorne, Millbrook: J. L. Powell, gardener. Section C was open to all. The awards were:

id all sections, roses grown under glass alone ex-luded. Prize silver cup, G. E. Winslade, Mamaroneck, "llass 27, display of roses, open for all classes and groups, grown either indoors or outside, Prize, silver cup, Joseph S. Fay, Woods Holl, Mass.; M. H. Waish, gardener.

Waish gardener.

Certificates of merit were awarded to H.Steinhoff, West Hoboken, for glozinias: to Marion Story, Mamaroneck, for a display of Japanese fris, and to Henry Milier. East New York, for a group of dahlias. The medals which were offered for first prizes in each instance were given by the New York Florists' Ciub.

TROUBLE IN SPORTINGMEN'S ROW. Proposed New Buildings Cause a Pante In a Fashionable Brooklyn Block,

The residents on the west side of the block in Eighth avenue, between St. John's place and Lincoln place, in Brooklyn, which has long been known as "Sportingmen's flow," are disturbed. They include Justice Gaynor, ex-Judge Troy, Mirabeau L. Towns, the poet-laywer; W. A. Furey, and Horseman "Phil" Dwyer. The houses are valued at from \$25,-000 to \$50,000 each. On the opposite side of the avenue the handsome Montauk Club fronts on the Lincoln blace side, and a big double flat building fronts on the St. John's place side. Between these buildings there is a large vacant lot running through to Plaza street, so that the Sportingmen's Row people have an unobstructed view of the handsome approach to the park. It is this vacant lot which has caused the trouble in the Row. It was purchased some time ago by C. G. Peterson, and at the close of last year he got a permit for the erection of three brown-stoned welling houses on the lot to front on Eighth avenue. He didn't commence building operations, however, and the permit lapsed by time limitation. Mr. Peterson has now put in an application for another permit, and in this it is specified that the new buildings are to front on Plaza street. Justice Gaynor and his neighbors are greatly disturbed over the prospect of having to be constantly confronted with the view of Mr. Peterson's back yards, and it is said will try and have the permit refused unless the buildings front on Eighth avenue. on the Lincoln place side, and a big double

LONG ISLAND CITY LOSES \$41,000. Must Settle with Owners of Property Once

When Long Island City was laid out by a survey commission in 1871 tracts of land in Astoria and Ravenswood were designated as pub-He parks on the official city map. Such designation interfered materially with the opportunity for sale. In 1862 the Legislature passed a special act giving the Common Council three months to determine whether or not the city

months to determine whether or not the city would take the land for park purposes. At the end of the specified three months, if the Common Council failed to act in the matter, the owners could seek to have their land surveyed to correspond with the general map of the city. The owners interested procured the appointment of a Commissioner authorized to make awards for damages to their property. Suits afterward instituted were allowed to ge by default by the Santord administration a few days before the end of Mayor Santord's term of office, and judgment was entered against the city for \$41,000. The Board of Aldermen, being favorable to the Santord government, placed the amount in the tax levy.

Lawyer Charles Henner, who represents the property owners, applied to Supreme Court Justice Clement yesterday for a writ of mandamus to compel the Common Council to direct Mayor Glesson to issue warrants for the amount of the awards. Justice Clement granted the order.

A jury in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn has Mirs Charlotte Hilldring a verdict of \$800 in her suit against Mrs. Minnie Forbes of Mor-ristown. N. J., for stander. White Miss Hilloring was in the employ of Mrs. Forbes in January, 1816, she was erreneously accused of oncerned in stealing a diamond pin.

THE OREGON IMPROVEMENT PLAN.

Director of the Company Explains Sor of Its Important Provisions, In view of the comparative unimportance of the Oregon Improvement Company, the efforts to reorganize it have aroused unusual interest on Wall street. The plan of reorganization. which is based upon an exhaustive and disin-

terested examination of the various properties owned or controlled by the company, has disclosed to the security holders that their property is less valuable intrinsically and produc tively than they had heretofore supposed. In consequence the efforts to reorganize the company have encountered some opposition. The most aggressive opposition, however, has not come from security holders, but from a concern that is apparently seeking recognition of a pecuniary character. With the view of enlightening the security holders, a director of the company made to-day the following state-

"Owing to the general depression of business on the Pacific coast, and that the Oregon Improvement Company was organized and capitalized in 'boom' times, the company has een unable to meet its obligations. Its gross earnings have been largely diminished by dopression and competition, and its expenses have not been correspondingly out down because of the disjointed system of its management. Furthermore, money for needed improvements and for depreciation has not been allowed for in the past because of the pressure to pay interest. The result is that large sums re necessary to restore the company's proper to good condition. The estimated sum re-ired, about \$1,500,000, has been confirmed

to pay interest. The result is that large sums are necessary to restore the company's property to good condition. The estimated sum required, about \$1,000,000, has been confirmed by Indevendent examination as the smount necessary to put the property in such a shape that it can show reasonable net earnings in the future.

"Since the interest and sinking fund requirements on the first mortgage bonds must be met under existing conditions, the burden of raising the necessary cash must fall upon the consolidated bonds and stock. Concurrently with the requirement of enough money to make economical operations possible, the profits of the company have fallen to such a low figure that no more than enough earnings to pay interest on the first mortgage, provided in the plan, can be expected for the immediate future; for the moment the earnings are not adequate even for that. Thus the consolidated bonds, in addition to the cash requirements for necessary improvements, one-half of which under the plan of reorganization is to be furnished by the present common stock, must forego interest until times improve. If no money, or a less amount than is required, is furnished, the property will not yield net earnings sufficient to support the present or other capitalization; if bonds, the existing consolidated or any other, are now but unon the property in addition to the new first mortgage, the result will be bankruptey in the near future. In any cave the consolidated bonds and the stockholders must make the temporary sacrifices required in one shape or another, or else see their equity in the oreperty destroyed.

"The plan of reorganization proposes to preserve this equity in the future by arranging for the doing away of the sinking fund and for a reduction in interest aggregating \$127,000 per year; by changing the best hing fund and for a reduction in interest aggregating \$127,000 per year; by changing the sinking fund and for a reduction in interest aggregating the consolidated bonds were issued in exchange for old preferred and

RAN AWAY FROM BLUE LAWS. Daniel A. Porter Remembered His Father

BRIDGEPORT, June 20 .- The story of the banishment of the father of Daniel A. Porter, now cutting his finger nails in church has attracted interest here. Some time ago Mr. Porter came East, and had occasion to come to Con-necticut. He declined to remain in the State over twenty-four hours, giving as his reason

what wearies by the long sermon, which it was the custom to give at that time, was startled to hear the minister call:

"Daniel Forter will remain after service."

"The boy saw that the minister's finger pointed at him. The entire congregation turned in that direction. He thought of the open knife in his land, and knew that there was trouble in store for him.

"Deacon So-and-So will also remain after the sermon,' said the minister. He then went on with his sermon. The boy was arraigned before the deacons and fined \$1, and the fine and punishment entered upon the records of the church. Soon after that time my father left Hridgeport, driven away by the shame and disgrace. His family did not know where he had gone, and a long search was made for him, and at last it was decided that he was dead. A tombisione was erected in the cemetery sacred to his memory, and he was mourned as dead.

"Many years after a resident of Bridgeport."

tery sacred to his memory, and he was mourned as dead.

"Many years after a resident of Bridgeport met him in New York. The report sent back to Bridgeport that Dan Porter was alive created great excitement in that village. The young man had no more use for Connection or its people. He did not want to go back there to live or even to visit, and after he left they did not succeed in finding him for over twenty years. He was then a young man in Brooklyn, married, and with a small family, myself being then d years old. Among my earliest recollections is a visit of my father's brother to Brooklyn when he urged him to go back to Connecticut on a visit. He would not go, The penknife incident and the subsequent trial and conviction had had such an effect on him that he never set foot in the State again from the time he left it."

JOHN W. SOMARINDYCK'S WILL.

East Side Property to Be Kept in the Name of the Family, JAMAICA, I., I., June 20.-The will of John W. Somarindyck of Glen Cove has been offered in the Surrogate's Court for probate. It disposes of real estate appraised at \$100,000 and personal property valued at \$140,000. The will bears date of Feb. 26, 1881. Two codicils are added, one on July 20, 1886, and the other on April 13, 1894, Among the bequests are: Anna Somerandyck, widow of testator, \$12,000 per onal property, \$60,000 in real

tator, \$12,000 personal property, \$60,000 in real estate; John and George Somarindyck of Aurora, Ill., and James Somarindyck of Eikhart, Ill., \$15,000 each in real estate.

The will provides that toasmuch as George, James, and John Somarindyck, cousins of the testator, all bear the family name, they are requested to keep the property in their possession during their lives and at their decease bequeath it to their sons, that it may be kept in the family as long as possible. John Somarindyck gets the property known as 135 Bowery, James Somarindyck gets the property known as 135 Bowery, James Somarindyck gets the property somarindyck gets the property somarindyck is bequeathed the property situated at 242 Grand street, New York city.

DEATH IN THE STREET.

William S. Voorhers of Norristown Strick-en While Taking a Walk,

MORRISTOWN, N. J., June 20.-William S. Voorhees, one of the officers of the Electric Light Company, was found dying on Sussex avenue at 10:30 o'clock last evening. After a hearty supper he had walked out on Sussex avenue and called on some friends two miles out in the country. He seemed to be in good health and spirits when he left his friends, and started for home about 10 o'clock. About half an hour later Mr. Norman Henderson, who lives about one mile out on Sussex avenue, heard a cry, as of some one in distress. He went out to the road and saw some one leaning against

the road and saw some one leaning against the fence.

He snoke, and receiving no answer, went up to the man, and just as he reached him the man fell to the ground. Mr. Henderson called for help, and then carried the failen man in and laid it im on the playra. Examination showed that it was Mr. Voorhees, and that he was dead, Mr. Voorhees was a son of the late John F. Voorhees, and was 53 years old. He leaves two brothers here, George E. and James R. Voorhees, who are engaged in the hardware business.

LOST IN GREAT SOUTH BAY.

TAWL CAPSIZES AND TWO COL LEGE CHUMS ARE DEOWNED.

Frank Jonason, the Son of Jere, Johann

Jr., of Brooklyn, and Frank Watts Tried to Sew from Oak Island to Carll's River -Their Ten-foot Bont Upset in the Bay. BABYLON, L. I., June 20 .- Frank Johnson, connect con of Jere Johnson, Jr., a wellknown New York real estate dealer and auctioneer, and Frank Watts, a college chum, were drowned in Great South Bay between here and Oak Island last night. The young men rode to Babyion on their wheels yesterday morning, and stopped at the country home of A. D. Higham, in Argyle Park, Mrs. Higham is a sister of young Johnson. After luncheon the young mon said that they were going to row scross the bay to Oak Island, opposite here. Mrs. Higham advised them to take no risks, and young Johnson replied: "Never

fear; we'll be back to dinner at 6 o'clock." They then went to Charles G. Dietchman, Mr. Johnson's foreman at the Johnson cottage, and got a yawl about ten feet long, which they placed on a wheelbarrow and wheeled down to Carll's River, from where they started. The boat was one young Johnson bought last year. The bay, when the young men started, was as smooth as a pond, and the trip across was without danger. They rowed directly across and entered the lagoon which separates Oak Island from the main beach, and pro-ceeded down the lageon to the Oak Island Club house, where they bought some refresh-

Oak Island from the main beach, and proceeded down the lagoon to the Oak Island Club house, where they bought some refreshments.

About 5 o'clock they started for home. The wind by this time was blowing a two-reef breeze, making a choppy sea. The bys seated themselves in the boat, one in the bow and one amidships, and each seized a pair of oars. This caused the boat to settle in the water forward, while the stern was high out of water. They rowed across the Lagoon and down Cooley's Channel, and then, it is supposed, tried to head their craft directly for the mouth of Carll's River, instead of keeping their boat headed for shore, as the wind was taking them. They were last seen laboring heavily by Capt. Phillip T. Sammis, an oyster planter who lives on one of the islands.

This morning the yawi was found by Capt. Willis Smith of the Oak Island Life crew, thousing bottom side up near Conklin's Point, three miles from where the young men were last seen. Later in the day a hat worn by young Johnson and one of the oars was picked up near where the boat is supposed to have been capsized. Young Johnson could swim, but his companion was unable to, and it is supposed that Johnson lost his life trying to save his comrade.

When the boys falled to return to dinner Mrs. Hig ham became alarmed. This morning before breakfast she drove to the State pier, where she learned that the yawl had been found. It was then thought that possibly the young men had romained at the Island all night and that the boat had got adrift. This theory was exploded when word was received from the island that the young men had left there about 5 P. M. Word was sent to Mr. Higham at his New York office and he conveyed the news to the Johnson family. Mr. Johnson arrived this afternoon. Mrs. Johnson is still at her home in Hancock street, Brooklyn. Search is being made for the bodier. The bottom of the hay will be dragged to night.

Frank Johnson was about 22 years did and had just been graduated at Johns Hopkins University at Baltimore with high honor

DEBTS OF ABBET'S FIRM.

Nordica, and Jean de Beszke Creditors,

Olin, Rives & Montgomery, attorneys for the firm of Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau, which made an assignment last month, gave out yesterday a statement of the liabilities and assets. It appears unsecured creditors have claims against the firm of \$388,540.87. The claims of the fully secured creditors amount to \$99,-530. The Tremont Theatre in Boston is bonded as security for \$99,510, and as this property is estimated to be worth \$295,785.45, this leaves a balance as an asset of \$196,245.45. This and other properties of the firm bring up the assets to \$215,795.73. From this amount must be deducted \$207,024 in preferred claims for salaries of the employees of the Opera House. Among the assets scheduled the valuover twenty-four hours, giving as his reason that his father had been wrongfully treated here years before. Mr. Porter, in telling the story, says:

"It is true my father, when he was a boy of fifteen years, was caught in the act of cutting his nails in church. That is, he had an onen knife in his hand, and it was naturally concluded that he was going to cut his nails, as it was decided that he could not have had it open for any other purpose. There was nothing else near at hand he would have been likely of have used the hiade upon. He was seated in the balcony of the old charch in Bridgeport. He was pretty well up toward the puipit, and in view of the pastor. The boy, who was somewhat wearled by the long sermon, which it was the custom to give at that time, was startled to hear the minister call: able scenery, costumes, and properties of the the French composers in royalties. Fanny Davenport is a creditor for \$500 for the use in this country by Sarah Bernhardt of the Sardou plays of which Miss Davenport owns the American rights.

The only artists to whom the firm is in debt are Jean de Heszke. Signor Campanari, Wallnoeffer is the little German tenor to whom \$15,000 was guaranteed for fifty performances, and who sang at about ten. He got all his money however, except \$1,802.24, which appears in the list of the firm's Habilities. The firm is \$8,000 in debt to Mine. Melba, \$5,000 to Mine. Nordica, and \$500 to Signor Campanari. Henry Irving is a creditor for \$6,731. To preferred creditors are due only small sums, aggregating about \$2,000. To the Goelet estate for the rent of Abbay's Theatre \$18,07,544 is due. The firm is \$7,000 in debt to Mrs. John R. Schooffel. Mr. L. J. Phelps, who is the assignee of the item, said yesterday that he believed that no obstacle would be put in the way of the proposed scheme to reogranize the company.

CHARGE AGAINST A LAWYER.

He Brings Suit for Divorce for a Woman Who Affirms that She Did Not Authorize It. NEWBURGH, June 20.-A serious charge against Charles Morschauser, a Poughkeepsie lawyer, was brought out in Judge Dickey's court this morning. In his behalf an applicapounsel fees in a suit alleged to have been instituted by Susie E. Woods against Granville Woods, her husband. The papers prepared by Mr. Morschauser showed that Mrs. Woods was married to Granville T. Woods about four years ago, and that since their marriage her life has been a most miserable one on account of the been a most iniserance one on account of the shameful way in which Granville treated her. She stood it as long as she could, and then left him and went to do service as a domestic to earn her livelthood. She also alleges in these papers that her husband is the owner of several patent rights which produce for him an income o

that her husband is the owner of several patent rights which produce for him an income of \$5.000 per annum.

The counsel for the defence read an affidavit made by Mrs. Woods, which set forth that she had authorized no one to bring a suit for a divorce from her husband, and that she had not stated that her husband had an income of \$5.000 a year. This document admitted that Mrs. Woods had had several consultations with Mr. Morschauser on different matters and that she had signed some papers at his request that she did not know the purport of, but signed them, she says, because he told her ther were all right and necessary. Mrs. Woods is living with friends, and counsel said that a said had already been instituted against Warren S. Spaulding and wife of Punghkeepsle for heavy damages for the alleged alienation of Mrs. Woods's affections from her husband and the breaking up of his home.

Judge Dickey said that this was a remarkable state of affairs, if true, but he could hardly believe it of Mr. Morschauser, a man he had long known, and one who enjoyed a good reputation among the legal fraternity. The issue was, however, before him, and he had to dispose of it. He said the case would be thoroughly investigated, and to that end he set a hearing for next week. Mr. Morschauser has been Recorder of the city of Poughkeepsle, and has a large criminal practice. He has many friends in Navhurgh, who believe that he will be able to set nimed fright. Mrs. Woods's counsel wanted to read other affidavits, but the Court denied him the privilege, saying that if her second affidavit is true there is no case against the husband to be tried.

Died in Dr. Oppenheimer's New Alcoholto

Word.
The first death in Ward 33 at Bellevue Hospital, which was set apart last Monday for the treatment of chronic alcoholic cases by a spe-cific Dr. Isaac Oppenheimer desired to test, was

reported vesterday.

Patrick Carey, a blacksmith, 33 years old, of 521 West 131st street, was assigned to the ward early in the day, and six hours later he ded. He was auffering from delirium tremens when he was transferred from the Harlem Hospital. The death certificate said death was due to Bright's

M'ADOO'S SUMMER CRUISE.

To Sail on the Dolphin to Inspect the Naval Militia Organizations, WASHINGTON, June 20.- Assistant Secre-tary of the Navy McAdoo will leave Washington on Monday morning on the United States despatch boat Dolphin for an official inspection of the naval militia organizations on the At lantic coast and the great lakes. He will be accompanied by Lieut, A. P. Niblack, in charge of naval militia affairs at the Navy Department, and Mr. William Howell, his private secretary. The Dolphiu will proceed first to Philadelphia, stopping on Tuesday on the way up the Delaware River at the League Island Navy Yard to enable Mr. McAdoo to inquire into the condition of the monitors for which Into the condition of the monitors for which requests have been made from the naval militia. On Wednesday Mr. McAdoo will inspect the monitor Ajax and other Government property now in possession of the New Jersey militia at Camden, and will also meet and confere with the officers regarding the condition of the organization in that State. From Philadelphia the Dolphin will go to New York, where Mr. McAdoo will inspect the U. S. S. Portsmouth and the Eastern Naval Battalion of New Jersey at Hoboken, and will then proceed to Gardiner's Bay to select a joint camp site for the naval brigades of New York, Connecticut, and Rhode Island. The surgeon on board of the Dolphin will advise as to the anitary conditions of the ground selected.

From this peint Mr. McAdoo will go by train to Detroit. Mich., to witness the departure of the Michigan naval militia of Illinois. Mr. McAdoo will endeavor to leave Chicago in time to attend, the camp at Gardiner's Bay, whence he will return to Washington. requests have been made from the naval mi-

Officers Placed on the Retired List-Prome tions to the Next Highest Grade, WASHINGTON, June 20 .- The following naval

orders have been issued: By direction of the Presidens Capt. Theodore F. Kane, Ensign Creighton Churchill, Ensign D. W. Bes-wick, Ensign R. J. Harting, Chief Engineer Gilbert M. I. MacCarty, Mate Thomas W. Bonsail, and Carpenter A. W. Massey were placed on the retired list of the navy to day by reason of physical incapacity.

The President has approved the recommendations of the Naval Examining Board for the promotion to the next highest grade of Captain, George Dewey; Lieutenant Commander, W. H. Emory; Lieutenant-Commander, S. M. Ackley; Lieutenants, C. P. Perkins, N. E. Niles, W. A. Gill, W. J. Sears, John A. Bell, E. H. Jieut. A. Gleaves, from the Monadneck, July 8, to receiving ship Franklin, in connection with the

Lieut J. P. Parker, from the Naval Academy, July 1, to the Honachock, July 15. IJeut, M. E. Hall, from the Marblehead, ordered home and three months' leave granted.

Ensign P. Carter, from the Alers, ordered home and three months' leave granted.

Ensign P. E. Belkenap from the Yorktown, ordered home and three months' leave granted.

Ensign P. E. Belkent from the Naval Academy, July 1, to the India.

Lieut, W. Truxtum detached from the Pifth Lighthouse district, July 11, and ordered to the Newark.

Lieut, E. B. Bestwick from the Newark, ordered home and MR weeks' leave granted.

Ensign P. Andrews from the Kaleigh, July 15, and ordered to the Newark, switched home and MR weeks' leave granted.

Jeut, E. E. Witcht, from the Newark, July 18, endered home and three months' leave granted.

Jeut, A. P. Nitheas, from the Newark, Department, 19th Inst., and to the Bolphin, June 20.

Ensign E. W. Eberic, from the Naval Academy, July 1, and ordered to the Independence in connection with the Cregon. lieut J. P. Parker, from the Naval Academy, July 1. Ensign E. H. Durell, from the Naval Academy, July 1, and ordered to the independence in connection

GUATEMALA REVOLUTION OFRE It Was Only an Outbreak and Filght of

Prisoners in a Juli. WASHINGTON, June 20,-Guatemala has had another attempt at revolution, if the little uprising which occurred there during the past few days can be dignified as such. The State Department received news of the affair on Thurs-day from Mr. Pringle, Chargé d'Affaires of the United States at Gustemala City. He tele-graphed that a revolutionary outbreak took graphed that a revolutionary outbreak took place near the Salvador frontier; that "Chiqumula," the commander, was killed, and that several important people were arrested. Today this laconic dispatch came from Mr. Pringle: "Revolution over." Mr. Calvo, the Costa Rican Minister here, to-day received a telegram from Mr. Lazo Arriaga, Minister from Guatemala to the United States, who is now in this country, saying that the outbreak was nothing more than the rebellion and flight of the prisoners in a jail. Mr. Lazo Arriagia says that peace is perfect throughout the republic.

Two Chief Engineers of the Navy to Be WASHINGTON, June 20. - Two chief engineer of the navy will this week be placed on the retired list upon their own application, after forty years service, though neither of them has yet eached the retiring age. One of them, Chief Engineer Kutz, is stationed at the Mare Island Navy Vard, and has been prominently identified ships of the new navy, his last duly having been at the Union I ron Works, San Francisco, prior to which he was at Cramps. Chief Engineer Thomson has been on duly at Cramps' for several years, and for the mast six months at the Newport News works, superintending the machinery of the Kearsarge and Kentucky, his previous duity in this like having specially fitted him for this work. Both these officers are recognized to be among the ablest. In the engineer corps, and their retirement is generally regretted. Mr. Kutz will engage in engineering work in San Francisco and Mr. Thomson in Philadelphia.

MAYOR GLEASON A CITIZEN.

Was Never Naturalized. A report has been circulated in Long Island City lately that Mayor Gleason was never nat-

"Why, it's an insult to my intelligence and the intelligence of every man who ever opposed me, and I'll tell you some very big men have run afoul of me during my career. Possibly the next thing my enemies will discover will be that I'm travelling under an assumed name. I tell you neighbor, these hawkshaws are wasting their time. They had better place their services where they will be appreciated. People hereabout are far too unappreciative for inteltion was made to the court for alimony and | lects of their calibre. If they had attempted to shoot me, or had put up some sharp political scheme to catch me. I should have felt flattered, but to be accused of imbecility is humiliating. "Well, neighbor, I don't propose to spoil their fun. Let them, go ahead. But let me tell you I'm naturalized all right and many years ago at that. Way, I have fought some of the shrewd. that. Why, I have fought some of the shrewd-set and most sugarious men in the country, and they traced my career back to the time my mother sang me to sleep in her arms. True, they found out that while in Ireland I wasn't altogether too respectful to the redcoats who occusionally througed the section in which I lived, but that isn't considered a crime. At

ELIZABETH CADY STANTON.

The Foremost Champion in the World for the Advancement of Women.



This Great American Recommends Paine's Celery Compound to Those Who Suffer from Nervous Ills.

"In this struggling world men often lean on he judgment of mothers and wives, hence omen need a clear understanding of the vital uestions of the hour,"

Half a century of ploneer work for the adrancement of women has made the life of Elizabeth Cady Stanton an Inspiration to thousands, and an appropriate object of homage and congratulation.

It is a year now since the immense ovation was given to Mrs. Stanton at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York on the anniversary of her 80th year, under the auspices of the National Council of Women of the United States.

A recommendation from such a brilliant philosopher, so good a mother, such a great with the construction of the machinery for the and true woman, will be heeded by men and

As Mrs. Station herself said in reply to the ing many addresses of affection and devotion from women representing homes all over the land:

ly recommend it to any one who is run down or suffering from nervous ills. Hereafter I shall always keep a bottle on hand."

So much and accomplish so little. Every year confirms the faith of the people in Paine's celery.

It is the plain duty of every wife and mother to watch the health of those whom the worry and weariness of the office the store or the factory makes heedless of their failing health. Pale lips and cheeks, disturbed sleep, pain of neuralga or rheumatism, headaches, or that constant feeling of weariness are causes enough for immediate recourse to that best of all in-vigorators, Paine's celery compound.

women need a clear understanding of the vital questions of the hour."

The guardian angel in every home is certainly a woman. Upon her shoulders rests the responsibility for the health of the family.

No wife, mother or sister who has the health or happiness of her family at heart will see day after day go by with nothing done for some tired sick or alling member of the household. If she is a wide-awake, thoughtful woman altered to the health will make it her first duty to see that Paines ceiery compound bused to bring back the vigor to the neglected nerves and the poor blood. Elizabeth Cady Station, writing to the Wells & fitchardson Company of Burlington, on Jan. 6, said:

"Some members of my family have been using your Paine's celery compound, and I hearting your Paine's celery compound than all the ordinary says and more in demand than all the ordinary says are causes enough for immediate recourse to that best of all invigorators, Paine's celery compound.

There is nothing vague or uncertain about its working. It goes straight to the cause of the mischief; purifies the blood, enriches it in volume and in quality, and firmly but gently stirs the organs that have become sloggish. Paine's celery compound drives out impurities, restores strength, renews vitaity, regulates the kidneys, its why it is the wonderful remedy that it is to-day, and more in demand than all the ordinary says and makes people well. That is why it is the wonderful remedy that it is to-day, and more in demand than all the ordinary says and makes people well. That is why it is the wonderful remedy that it is to-day, and more in demand than all the promise so much and accomplish so little. Every year in the promise so is the body of the people in Paine's celery ompound.

BOND INQUIRY ADJOURNED | company the Sergeant-at-Arms to serve on Mr. Thalmann and Mr. Kitchen the notices

IT MAY BE RESUMED LATER IN WASHINGTON.

Falled to Appear. This Brew Down the Wrath of Senator Harris Upon Graves's United States Senator Vest of Missouri picked

up vesterday morning the burnt stick of the Peffer skyrocket, marked Bond Investigauralized. After denying the report yesterday tion, that fell in the Hoffman House on Friday afternoon, and carefully encased it to take back to Washington with him as an cyldence that the fireworks had gone off did so after the presiding officer of the Investigating Committee, Senator Harris of Tennessee, had pitched the stump into the pend of desuctude and turned from it with emphatic manifestations of relief. As a result of the Missouri Senator's retrieving the upto-that-time discomfitted President of three mile railroad in San Diego, Mr. Graves, who has been exuding grievances at every session of the committee here because he didn't get bonds he couldn't pay for, will harry the Senators some more in Washington, Mr. Graves, not satisfied with having monopolized most of the committee's time here to be purpose, asked Chairman Harris to be allowed to present to the committee at a future time a brief setting forth his charge against Secretary Carlisle. The Senator told him that so far as he, the Charman, was con-Secretary Carlisle. The Senator told him occasionally through the section in which I lived, but that isn't considered a crime. At least I never thought it was."

Gabbling Tailors Dispersed.

The crowds of idle tailors who hang around the headquarters of the Brotherhood of Tailors.

48 Orchard street, every day were augmented yesterday by numbers of tailors who are employed several days in the week, but who do not work on Saturdays, the Hebrew Sabbath. They crowded into Walhalia Hailand New Washington Hail, which is next door, and stood in groups on the sidewalk. This led the pelice of the Eidridge street station to believe that astrike was in progress, and a squad of men went over to the hail. At their approach the tailors made a wild rush for places of safety. The police divided and cleared the sidewalk, but made no arrests.

Birsch Trade Schools Commencement.

Hirsch Trade Schools Commencement.

The fourth annual graduation exercises of the Baron Hirsch Trade Schools at 225 East Ninth street were held last evening. The four floors of the building were filled with exhibits of what the pupils had learned during the term of five and a half months. Certificates of graduation from the four departments of carpenter work, machinery, plumbing, and painting were presented to 37 pupils. J. Ernest 6, Yalden, superintendent of the schools, said in his address that a record of the graduates of the school showed that 83 per cent. of them were now at work in their trades.

Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour atomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 ceuts. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

company the Sergeant-at-Arms to serve on Mr. Tradimann and Mr. Kirchen the notices that the committee desired their presence, and that as lira es had not done so he was not wholly free from an imputation of lack of diligence in his efforts to get the witnesses. Graves was so anxious to put himself on formal record before the committee in his last request that he had put it in writing and read it. He asked that as a citizen he be permitted to file a legal brief in support of his charges that John G. Carlisle, as Treasurer of the United States, had done him wrong and acted traceularly in disposing of the bonds. As Mr. Carlisle is not the Treasurer of the United States it is difficult to see that in his last protest Graves is any the less abusing the committee's courtesy than he has been doing heretofore.

OPEN CARS ON BROADWAY.

Thirty-five of Them Put On the Metropolitan Cable Lines Yesterday. The Metropolitan Street Railway Company

ran open cars over its Broadway, Lexington avenne and Columbus avenue lines for the first time yesterday afternoon. The cars were all placarded "smoking cars," but that did not keep off the women, and the cars were crowded all the afternoon. President V recland said that he would run them as smoking cars until the gripmen and conductors got used to them. About thirty-five of them were put into service

Have you ever thought of the advantages to be gained when you

"BUY OF THE MAKER"

GEO. C.FLINT CO. 43, 45 AND 47 WEST 231ST

FACTORY: 154 AND 156 WEST 19"STREET

CAYVAN GOES TO THE PLAY.

NOTES FROM THE STALLS-A NEW LONDON PIECE. The Actress Finds the Change of Moral At-

musphere on the London Stage Refresh. ing This Is a Distinctly Moral Country Miss Georgia Cayvan, who has not acted since her retirement from the Lycony Theaten Company two years ago, returned on Friday

from a short trip to England, which she took to restore her health and give her strength to prepare for her appearance as a star next autumn. Miss Cayvan looked healthy yesterday when she told a SUN reporter some of the results of her observations of the Paris and London stage. Her debut has been delayed as much from her inability to secure good plays as from her ill health. "I am convinced," she said, "that there is little to be found either in Paris or in London suited to the tastes of American audiences.

In London there has been an improvement of late, and there has been a refreshing breeze of About thirty-five of them were put into service yesterday.

Ex-Warden Stacom Released from the Insure Pavillon.

John Stacom, 6d years old, a lawyer, who was at one time Warden of the Tembs prison, was released from the insane pavillon of Bellevus Hospital yesterday, in the custody of his friend J. E. Comfort of 1,415 Franklin avenue, who was sized a contract witing forth that he would be sized a contract witing forth that he would be sized a contract witing forth that he would be sized a contract witing forth that he would be sized a contract witing forth that he would be sized a contract witing forth that he would be sized a contract witing forth that he would be sized and other workers Replacing Sirthcore.

Colored Marble Workers Replacing Sirthcore.

Colored Marble Workers Replacing Sirthcore.

The members of the International Marble Workers' Union, who have been on strike for five weeks, complained yesterday that colored non-union monewere being brought from Fallitization to take their places. The strikers are principally ionomians.

Furthmoney in thy purse by buying economically. Economy or good taste are happily united our furniture.

Have you seen our new le iroom designs? Beautiful wools, magnificent carving, or exquisite inlaying. Some patterns are exceedingly plain, but rich and tasteful. Have you ever thought of the advantages to be gained when you morality and purity succeeding the problem

A Brooklyn Politician's Downfall.

Frank Ebert, for five years a constable in Williamsburgh and a power in Democratic pollties in the Sixteenth ward, was committed to the Kings county penitentiary at his own rethe Kings county printerior; question for three near its evaluation because it was street from the court yes writer, but years ago he failed to receive a temination for Assembly. He was Ven freshed of the ward organization and thought that he was entitled to the nomination. He became dissipate. and has been arrested frequently.